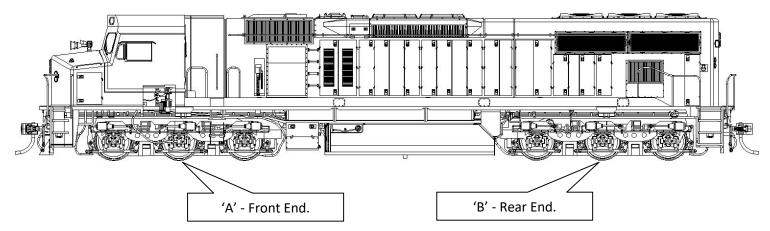
# Auscision Models Victorian Railways C Class Diesel Locomotive Operating Information

Your Auscision Models C Class locomotive's main printed circuit board and associated lighting has been designed to function as a **DC** and **DCC Sound Decoder Installed Model**. In these notes reference is made to the 'A' Front End and 'B' Rear End of the model. This diagram will assist in identifying which end is which.



# DC Model

The DC model is able to control the locomotives lighting via the micro switches on the bottom of the fuel tank. The lighting is directional. The switches are able to isolate, turn on/off:

- 1. The Locomotives Headlights / Fog Lights
- 2. The Locomotives Number Boards and White Marker Lights.
- 3. The Locomotives Red Marker Lights.

The lighting for the **DC model** is connected to the main printed circuit board at the two plugs marked **DC** along with a third common **DC/DCC** for the **Front Number Board** connection. (See image on page 3)

Please note: Only the later body version models - South Spur, Greentrains, Cootes Industrial, SSR and CFCLA - have the Fog Light connection and associated wiring.

If you're going to operate your model on a DC system /controller, then read no further. If you plan on fitting an aftermarket decoder or your model is a DCC Sound Ready model, please read on.

# DCC Ready Model - fitting an aftermarket decoder

The C Class models main printed circuit board has been specifically designed to function through the 'NEM660 standard' 21 pin connector and integrate with an ESU Loksound V5 decoder. Via the 21-pin connector this decoder functions with four individually powered auxiliary outputs (Headlight front, Headlight rear, Aux 1 and Aux 2) and a further six individual logic outputs (Aux 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10,) which the main circuit board has electronic components included for their operation. The DCC Sound Decoder Installed models lighting connects via 3 separate plug combinations. A single Main body lighting connection, a separate Front fog lighting connection, and a separate Front Number Board connection is via the plugs marked DCC, DCC. (See image on page 3) Please note: Only the later body version models - South Spur, Greentrains, Cootes Industrial, SSR and CFCLA - have the Fog Light connection and associated wiring.

When selecting an aftermarket decoder a few details may need to be considered first. As there are two standards of decoder 21pin connections available on the market, the **NEM660** version and the **NRMA** version, two lighting connection possibilities are available on the Main PCB.

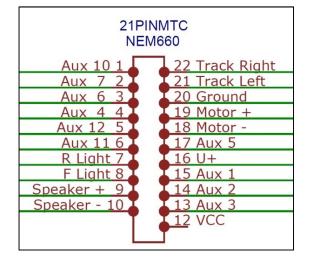
The lighting connection will be dependent on the brand and version of the aftermarket decoder being used. Generally speaking, any aftermarket 21 pin decoder can be fitted.

With several aftermarket decoders available that have a reduced number of auxiliary lighting outputs, the Locomotives **Reversible Headlights** and **Fog lights** along with **Aux 1** (Front Number Boards, Front White Marker Lights, Rear Red Markers lights) and **Aux 2** (Rear Number Boards, Rear White Marker Lights, Front Red Markers lights) will function as long as connection is via the plugs marked **DC**, **DC**.

Decoders with the ability to run 12 auxiliary light functions (ESU Loksound V5) will connect to the plugs marked DCC, DCC.

NEM660 21 Pin Connection	DC, DC (4 Light Function Decoder)	DCC, DCC (12 Light Function Decoder)	
F Light, Pin 8	Front Headlight and Fog Lights	Front Headlight	
R Light, Pin 7	Rear Headlight and Fog Lights	Rear Headlight	
Aux 1, Pin 15	<mark>Front Number Boards</mark> , White Marker Lights, Rear Red Marker Lights	Front Number Boards	
Aux 2, Pin 14	Rear Number Boards, White Marker Lights, Front Red Marker Lights	Rear Number Boards	
Aux 3, Pin 13		Front White Marker Lights	
Aux 4, Pin 4		Rear White Marker Lights	
Aux 5, Pin 17		Front Red Marker Lights	
Aux 6, Pin 3		Rear Red Marker Lights	
Aux 7, Pin 2		Front Left Fog Light	
Aux 10, Pin 1		Front Right Fog Light	
Aux 11, Pin 6		Not in use	
Aux 12, Pin 5		Not in use	

For auxiliary light mapping refer to the below graph and NEM660 21 pin image.



**Note:** Using the **DC**, **DC** (4 Light Function Decoder) lighting functions can also be isolated with the micro switches on the bottom of the fuel tank. (E.g. turning the opposing end, red marker lighting off).

Refer to the link below for further decoder possibilities. This is an excellent source of information which addresses the 21pin NEM660/NMRA standards and their associated differences and functionality issues, along with a chart identifying which other brand decoders and versions that may also be suitable.

http://www.sbs4dcc.com/tutorialstipstricks/21mtcconnector.html

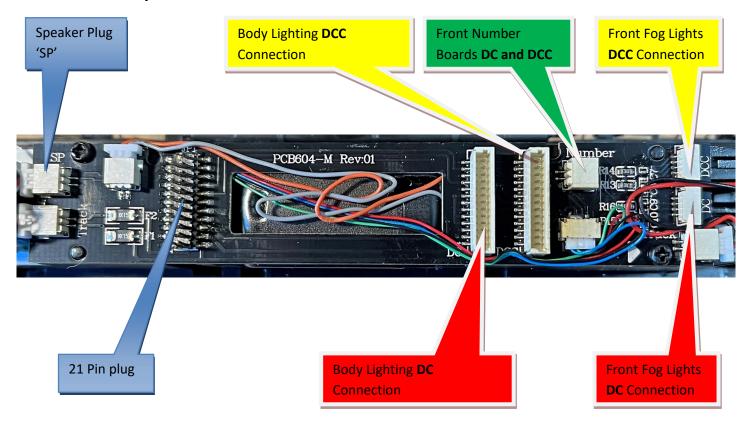
### Fitting the decoder - (See PCB image below)

**Note:** The models lighting and associated wiring is attached to the models body / shell. To remove the body completely it will require the lighting to be carefully unplugged from the chassis PCB.

Once the model's body is removed from the chassis, remove the small 21pin DC Adaptor PCB from the Main PCB. Removal of the DC adaptor PCB also removes the components associated with motor noise suppression for DC function. Then, and paying close attention to the pin alignment, firmly push the decoder onto the 21 pin plug.

Note: When altering the Lighting plug connection between DC and DCC, inadvertently plugging the lighting into the wrong plug should pose no risk of damaging any circuitry, although care should be taken to ensure the lighting is connected to the correct plug for the decoder that has been selected.

Speaker connection is via the supplied connector plug/wiring harness, fitted to the plug marked 'SP' (see image below). Keep in mind matching your chosen speaker and decoder's minimum amplifier impedance.



### **C Class PCB Top View**

# ESU Loksound V5 DCC Decoder Installed Model

Your **DCC Sound Installed Model** is fitted with an **ESU Loksound V5 Decoder**. All switches on the bottom of the fuel tank are to remain in the turned-on position. The Decoder connects to the main printed circuit board via the 21pin connector, with the lighting wiring connection via three plugs at the Main PCB marked **DCC**, **DCC** (see image on page 3)

The decoders default settings have been adjusted to ensure your model operates smoothly straight out of the packaging. Please take a moment to read through the following information as it relates to the functionality and features along with further information as to individualising your model.

• In order to adjust the running qualities of your model for your personal preference, reference to suggested settings in the form of a quick start guide is available in the following notes. Alternatively for full decoder adjustment details refer to the ESU Loksound V5 Decoder Manual and Full Throttle Description available at the following links:

http://www.esu.eu/en/downloads/instruction-manuals/digital-decoders/

http://www.esu.eu/en/products/loksound/loksound-full-throttle-diesel-features/

- If required, adjustments and individual finetuning of your DCC model and decoder can be made primarily in two ways.
  - 1. The most simple and effective way is with an ESU Lokprogrammer interfaced with a Windows operating system PC.

The details of which can be found here:

Note: An updated Lokprogrammer software Version 5.0.0 or newer will be required to function with the V5 decoder.

Product Information... http://www.esu.eu/en/products/lokprogrammer/

Instructions...... http://www.esu.eu/en/downloads/instruction-manuals/lokprogrammer/

Updated Software...... http://www.esu.eu/en/downloads/software/lokprogrammer/

2. Alternatively, adjustments can be made via your DCC operating system controller or with other PC based software such as JRMI. Refer to your operating system manual and the ESU V5 decoder manual.

## **Quick Start Guide**

Care has been taken in order for your model to perform straight out of the packaging. In general, it has been programmed to ESU Loksound's V5 Decoder default values. As modellers we all have different ideas and preferences as to how our models perform. Should you wish to further adjust how your model performs, the following is a quick start guide to some of the primary settings required to do so.

Excerpts from the ESU Loksound V5 and Lokprogrammer references are included in the description and are as follows. (Refer to the V5 Decoder Manual, the Lokprogrammer Manual or your DCC systems programming section for full programming details)

• The Default Locomotive Address for your C Class model is **3.** 

In order to change the locomotive address, refer to chapter 9.1, 9.2 'Address Settings' of the ESU V5 Decoder Manual. Individual DCC controller systems may also have a programme track output and function available for this purpose.

• Decoders operating within a **DC operating system** will function as per ESU's default DC settings. For further detail also refer to the DC notes contained within the 48 class operating information document.

http://www.auscisionmodels.com.au/PDFs/Auscision%20HO%20Scale%2048-830%20class%20DCC%20Operating%20Information%20v4.pdf

### **Motor Auto Tune Procedure**

# Should you encounter any running performance issues the following Auto Motor Tune procedure may help resolve the problem.

This feature will automatically adjust the Motors Back-EMF in most cases. This is not meant to be a "cure all" solution. In most cases this will be all that is required, however there still may be the need to perform some manual adjustments.

- To use this automatic adjustment, you will first need to place your locomotive on a section of track paying attention to the set direction of travel.
- Write a value of 0 to CV54. Activate function F1. (Be sure to have plenty of clear space ahead of your locomotive. Allow 2 metres of available track)
- Your locomotive will quickly take off at full speed and then stop while reading the motor responses. This will automatically set the motor values required in CV51, 52, 53, 54, and 55.
- Original file default values for these CV's will alter following this adjustment. Depending on the user's operating system /power supply from which the autotune was performed, variations in the CV values can occur.

Following a motor autotune the value in CV53 (Regulation Reference Voltage) may need further manual adjustment. Typically using a 28-speed step controller, ensure your model has a gradual speed increase across all 28 steps. If a maximum speed is reached at a lower position with a flat response across the remaining steps, then the value in CV53 will require adjusting to obtain the optimal setting. Values in the CV53 range are as follows, 0 = 0v through to 255 = 25.5v.

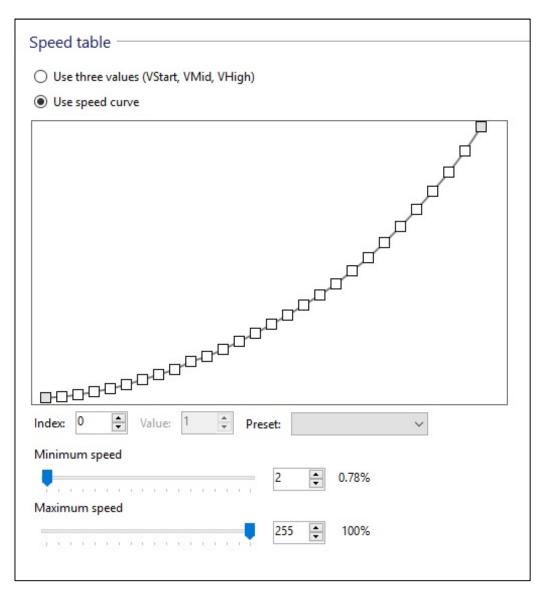
### For further detail refer Loksound V5 instruction manual, chapter 11 for full motor adjustment details.

### **Minimum and Maximum Speeds**

As default, the decoder will automatically detect the user's controller speed step settings, with the controller using 14, 28 or 128 steps (28 being common).

- Default is the **Exponential 1 28 step speed table** as per the graph below utilising minimum and maximum speed settings.
- Defaults are CV2 = 2 (minimum speed value) and CV5 = 255 (maximum speed value).

These two values define the compression of the curve while automatically adjusting the 28 individual speed steps in between that make up the curve. Alternatively, and using Lokprogrammer there are several other speed pre-set tables available, as well as being able to adjust each of the 28 individual speed steps by changing the values at CV67 through to CV94 with values in the range between 1 and 255. Full details can be found in Chapter 10 'adaptive driving behaviour' of the Loksound V5 instruction manual.



### **Acceleration Momentum and Deceleration Momentum**

The models acceleration momentum time and deceleration momentum time can be adjusted individually.

The time for accelerating from 0 to maximum speed is adjusted in CV 3 (default value = 21, which equates to 18.82 seconds) while deceleration is set in CV 4 (default value = 21, which equates to 18.82 seconds). Value Range is from 1 to 255 or from 0.9 to 228.48 seconds. (Approximately 0.89 seconds for each increment of value)

The times set in these CVs work speed dependant. Therefore, the acceleration distance and the brake distance are longer at higher speeds. In other words, the faster the locomotive moves, the longer the distance until it stops.

## **DCC Function Table**

- F0 Directional Headlights
- F1 Front Fog / Ditch Lights (On applicable versions South Spur, Greentrains, Cootes Industrial, SSR, CFCLA)
- F2 Playable Air horn
- F3 Drive Hold (Full throttle feature)
- F4 Dynamic Brake when Running. Low Idle when Stationary (On applicable versions South Spur, Greentrains, Cootes Industrial, SSR, CFCLA) - Requires a CV Change to function correctly - see page 10.
- F5 Locomotive Brake (Full throttle feature)
- F6 Headlight Dimmer Control
- F7 Front Number 1 End. Marker Light and Number Board Logic (See notes below)
- F8 Prime Mover Locomotive Sound (Start/Stop)
- F9 Rear Number 2 End. Marker Light logic (See notes below)
- F10 Manual Coupler sounds
- F11 Coast (Full throttle feature)
- F12 Run 8 (Full throttle feature)
- F13 Manual Radiator Cooling Fan on/off
- F14 Acceleration / Shunting mode (Turns off any momentum settings. Runs at half speed)
- F15 Volume Fade Control (set at 50% normal volume level ideal for loud multiple unit consists)
- F16 Manual Sanding Valve on/off
- F17 Manual Compressor on/off
- F18 Not in use.
- F19 Ratchet Handbrake Apply and Release (When applied, restricts speed and engine RPM sound with brake sound skidding)
- F20 Flange Squeal (Sound will begin to function at Speed Step 4 and above)
- F21 Headlight, #1 / Front End (not directional)
- F22 Headlight, #2 / Rear End (not directional)
- F23 Number Boards #1 / Front End
- F24 Number Boards #2 / Rear End
- F25 White Marker Lights #1 / Front End
- F26 White Marker Lights #2 / Rear End
- F27 Red Marker Lights #1 / Front End
- F28 Red Marker Lights #2 / Rear End
- F29 Manual Engine Sound Notching. Used in conjunction with F11 and F12
- F30 Cab Door
- F31 Locomotive Brake Sound and Functioning Logic. Default is On. Functions automatically when the model is moving and then via the throttle setting being moved to 0, or manually via Function 5

## Random Sounds

With previous Loksound Select and V4 decoders Random Sounds such as 'Compressor' were turned on as default and would start and stop automatically. The parameters within the sound flow in most cases made it difficult to alter their condition.

The V5 decoder along with the updated Lokprogrammer software allows more flexibility to use and control random sounds. The following is an overview on how to activate and adjust these sounds using Lokprogrammer. With reference to the below screenshot the following settings can be adjusted to your personal preferences if required. The random compressor sound will be used as the example, although virtually any sound contained in the default file can be used.

Refer to the default function table: Compressor being mapped to Function 17.

# As default the sound file has the compressor turned on as a Random Sound to function with the below settings.

Under the **Decoder – Function Settings – Random functions** tab in Lokprogrammer, select position 'Random 1' and select triggered function **F17**, along with the **Stop** and **Only Play When Driving Sound Is Enabled** check boxes. If the '**Drive'** check box is ticked the random compressor sound will also function when the locomotive is moving. **Active Minimum** and **Active Maximum** is the variable length of time the random sound will occur, while **Passive Minimum** and **Passive Maximum** is the variable time frame in which the random sound will turn on and function. These values once selected will then require writing to the decoder in order for them to function.

For further information refer to Chapter 13 'Adjusting the Sound Effects' in the Loksound V5 instruction manual.

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gn 97420-LS5H0DCC-Diesel-Auscision-Models-422-Class-V1-R1 - LokProgrammer 5.0.4								
File Programmer Tools Help								
: 🖞 🗁 🖬	🖗 📝 🌛 🦻 👔 LokSound 5 DCC [ MBit] - Project: 128 MBit							
	Change decoder settings							
OI	^	Frequency for blinking effects	39	1.95s				
Drivers' cab	Address	Grade crossing holding time						
191191 10100 010111	Analog settings		79 🜲	5.18s				
Read / Write CVs								
4	8 Brake Settings	Sensor settings						
7	8	<ul> <li>Use digital wheel sensor</li> </ul>						
Decoder	Compatibility	○ Use output AUX10						
٥		A						
Information	DCC DCC Settings	Automatic uncoupling						
Db		Enable automatic uncoupling						
	1tHT	Speed	-					
Sound	Driving characteristics	Push time	1 후					
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	<u>^</u>	Move time						
	Function outputs		0	Os				
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		Random 1: Stop, Driving Sound On, F17		Random 1				
	Identification	Random 2: Disabled Random 3: Disabled		Stop				
	1	Random 4: Disabled Random 5: Disabled		Drive				
	FILORO OILLO	Random 6: Disabled	Random 6: Disabled		nabled			
	Manual CV input	Random 7: Disabled Random 8: Disabled		Triggered function	F17 ~			
	8			Active minimum				
	Motor Settings				20 🌩 20s			
	<u>8</u> 4			Active maximum				
	Smoke unit				25 🚖 25s			
	j,r ())							
	Sound settings			Passive minimum	90 🍨 90s			
	-				90 🔹 90s			
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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		e:				
LokSound 5 DC	C (5.0.67)							

# Function button 7 (Number 1 End Auxiliary Lighting Logic) Function button 9 (Number 2 End Auxiliary Lighting Logic)

The lighting for each end of the locomotive has been divided into four separate lighting states. By pressing the function key repetitively, the following applies:

State 1: All Lighting Off.
State 2: Number Boards On. White Marker Lights On. (As in leading end mainline running)
State 3: Number Boards On. Red Marker Lights On. (As in yard shunting. Both ends)
State 4: Red Marker Lights On. (As in the trailing end of a light engine movement)
(State 4 is followed by State 1)

If required, the individual light brightness can be controlled / adjusted separately. Refer to the ESU V5 Decoder Manual, with reference to the auxiliary outputs 1 through 6.

#### **Number 1 end Auxiliary Lighting**

Aux 1 - Number Boards, Aux 3 - White Marker Lights, Aux 5 - Red Marker Lights.

#### Number 2 end Auxiliary Lighting

AUX 2 - Number Boards, Aux 4 - White Marker Lights, Aux 6 - Red Marker Lights.

#### PLEASE NOTE:

The following notes are relevant for the previously used Loksound Select Series Decoder as used in the Auscision 48 class model which had the following possible issue. The new Loksound V5 decoder utilises an extra 2 sound processing channels, (now 10 in total) and, following thorough testing, the problem appears to no longer exist in the V5. However, if the issue should reoccur the following details can be followed in order to remedy the problem.

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In order for the Function 7 and Function 9 auxiliary lighting feature to work, ESU Loksound had to create a lighting logic template. This template is NOT built into the decoders function logic, however, utilises two of the eight available sound processing flow channels.

Therefore, under certain circumstances and especially when BOTH ends of the model's F7/F9 auxiliary lighting are turned on, then some of the secondary sounds may not function. (For example, brake squeal when stopping) This is due to the non-availability of spare sound channels at that particular moment in time, and is not a fault with your decoder.

If any activated secondary sound function (including the F7 and F9 lighting) appears erratic/frozen turn off the locomotive prime mover (F8). This will then allow the processes selected and queued the available space to function and complete. Once complete the prime mover (F8) can be turned back on as normal.

If this type of sound response becomes an operating issue, then to free up sound channels the auxiliary lighting has also been mapped to be individually controlled with the Logic Functions F21 through to F28. (See function table)

## Locomotive Horn Sounds

Your C Class model has been fitted with Brass Castings of the Leslie Supertyfon S5T horns as originally fitted to the prototype.

Using Lokprogrammer **Sound SV9 = 14** or **CV163 = 14**, is the default value for the Leslie Supertyfon S5T horn that was commonly used and is recorded from an Australian Prototype.

Individual prototype locomotives may have also had examples of Leslie Supertyfon RS5T and Nathan Airchime P5 horns at various times. To replicate these prototypes or to give some variation amongst the owner's models, these are also available within the sound file following the below values.

Sound SV9 = 0 or CV163 = 0 - Nathan Airchime P5 Version 1
Sound SV9 = 1 or CV163 = 1 - Nathan Airchime P5 Version 2
Sound SV9 = 10 or CV163 = 10 - Leslie Supertyfon S5T Version 1
Sound SV9 = 11 or CV163 = 11 - Leslie Supertyfon S5T Version 2
Sound SV9 = 12 or CV163 = 12 - Leslie Supertyfon R55T Version 1
Sound SV9 = 13 or CV163 = 13 - Leslie Supertyfon R55T Version 1
Sound SV9 = 14 or CV163 = 14 - Leslie Supertyfon S5T Australian Recording (Default)
Sound SV9 = 15 or CV163 = 15 - Leslie Supertyfon R55T Australian Recording

Please Note: To complete the change in CV value, it is recommended that power to the decoder be interruption after writing.

## Flashing or Non-Flashing Fog / Ditch Lights with the Horn activating

The following is applicable to those models fitted with Fog / Ditch lights on the front end of the locomotives. (South Spur, Greentrains, Cootes Industrial, SSR and CFCLA versions)

The prototype C Class locomotives have had both flashing and non-flashing Fog /Ditch lights with the horn activating, depending on individual locomotive numbers and periods. As default, the sound project has the Fog / Ditch lighting set to alternatively flash when the lighting is turned on via Function 1, and the horn is activated.

### To deactivate (Non-Flashing) – Following a read of the decoder's data with Lokprogrammer.

Under the Decoder / Function Mapping Tab in Lokprogrammer, the Grade Crossing in the Logical Functions column aligning with Function 2 (Horn Function) must be turned off (untick the box) with the new data requiring writing to the decoder. (See the below image)

Alternatively, the following CV's can be changed to deactivate the flashing feature:

OI	$\boxtimes$	Function mapping							
Drivers' cab	Address	1 8 🗙 🔟 Restore default mapping							
191101 191010 191010		Conditions	Physical outputs	Logical functions	Sounds				
	Analog settings	Forward, F0	→ Front light [1]: Front Headlight						
ead / Write CVs	8	Reverse, F0	→ Rear light [1]: Rear Headlight	-	·				
	8	Forward, F1	→ AUX7: Front Left Ditch Light, AUX10: Front Right Ditch Light	-	-				
s.*	Brake Settings	Reverse, F1	<ul> <li>AUX11: Rear Left Ditch Light, AUX12: Rear Right Ditch Light</li> </ul>						
Decoder	00 20	▶ F2	→ -	Grade crossing	Australian Horn Pack (selectable via SV9 Value 0-18)				
	Compatibility	F3	÷ -		×				
0	1000	Drive, F4	÷ .	Acceleration	SD40-2 48 Inch Cap Top Spiral Grill Dynamic Brake Fan 1				
nformation		Stop, F4	÷ ·	Switching Mode					
	DCC Settings	F5	÷ ·	Firebox					
23	11+T	F6	÷ ·						
Sound	Driving characteristics	F7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Dimmer	Front Marker and Numberboard Logic				
		F8	÷ .	Grade crossing	EMD 16-645E3 C Class				
	80	Stop, F8	•	Fade out sound	Reverser				
	Function mapping	Stop, F8	÷ -	ESU smoke unit	Starting Delay				
	A	Drive, F8	÷ •	Volume control	SD40-2 EMD D77 Traction Motor 1				
	Function outputs	F9	÷ -		Rear Marker and Numberboard Logic				
	Function outputs	F10	÷ .		Coupler 1				

• CV31 = 16, CV32 = 8, CV325 = 0

# Function 4 (Dual Function) - Dynamic Brake and Low Idle

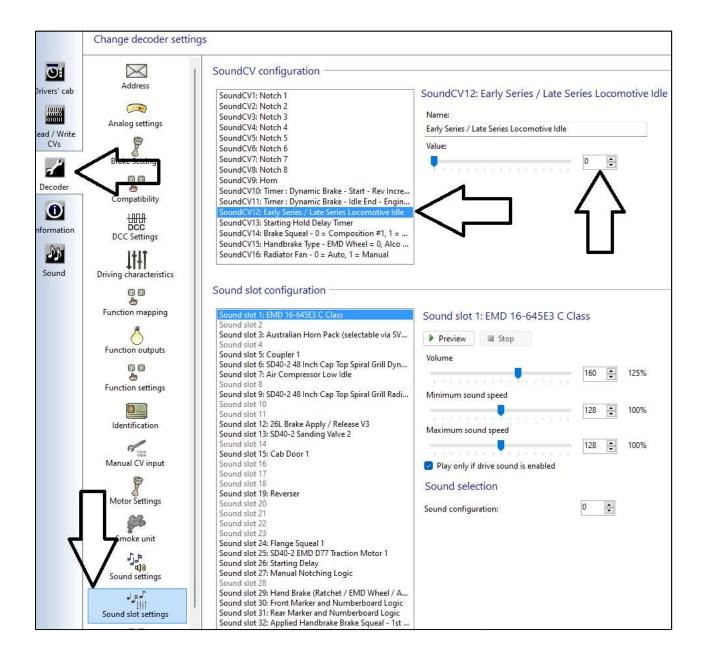
The prototype C Class locomotive when originally built with a 16-cylinder 645E3 engine, had a high idle RPM. Then, during major overhauls around 2007/2008, all except C501 were upgraded to the 645E3B engine which allowed a low idle engine RPM function when the locomotives reverser is centred. When centred, the engine revs drop into a low idle RPM setting. When the locomotives reverser is placed into either the forward or reverse position, the engine RPM's increase to a high idle setting. This feature applies to the **South Spur, Greentrains, Cootes Industrial, SSR and CFCLA versions.** 

#### To replicate this sound function in the model, the following applies:

The default setting for the sound project is set to the high idle feature. Following a read of the decoder's data with Lokprogrammer, under the Decoder / Sound Slot setting tab, Sound CV12 requires a change in value to any value > 0, (1-255) with the new value requiring writing to the decoder (see the below image). Alternatively, change CV166 to a value > 0.

# The default value of 0 maintains the high idle feature, > 0 allows the low idle feature to function.

• Then, following the below instructions to control the feature.



- When the locomotive is started from a 'sound off' initial setting, the sound flow will begin with the engine sound starting and running in a low idle sound condition where it will stay until the following occurs.
  - If the throttle is increased to begin movement, the low idle will increase to the high idle setting before further increasing in RPM sound settings dependant on how much the throttle is increased.
  - Returning the throttle to idle the sound flow will remain in the high idle condition as if the reverser is still in a forward or reverse condition.
  - Then, and from a stationary condition, Function 4 will place the sound from the high idle condition into the low idle condition. Like the prototype this is the reverser centred condition, thus preventing the locomotive from powering.
- To enable the model to again power, Function 4 must be turned off, allowing the sound flow to increase to high idle and allowing the model to again power.
- With the model in a moving / powering condition, Function 4 allows the model to operate with the Dynamic Brake sound flow functionality as with all previous Auscision Models sound projects that have Dynamic Brake sound functionality.

## **Decoder Reset**

If at any point your model's decoder becomes unresponsive, it may simply require a reset in order to regain normal function. You can reset the decoder to the current memory default settings at any time.

In most cases POM (Programming on the Main) will not work to reset a decoder. Please use a separate programming track.

To reset the decoder:

- Refer to the ESU V5 Decoder manual for full details.
- Enter the value 8 into CV8.
- To complete the reset, power to the decoder must be interrupted.

For ease of connection to the web links attached within this document, an online version of the C Class Operating Information can be found on the Auscision website at the below link:

C Class Locomotive (auscisionmodels.com.au)